Printing date 09/15/2017 Reviewed on 09/15/2017

1 Identification

· Product identifier

· Trade name: Drum Haze Remover

· Article number: 9150 PK

· Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: Power Kleen Corporation 101 South Bayview Blvd. OLDSMAR, FL 34677 USA



· Information department: Product Safety Department

· Emergency telephone number: ChemTel Inc. (800) 255-3924 Intl. +01 (813) 248-0585

2 Hazard(s) identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS06 Skull and crossbones

Acute Tox. 2 H300 Fatal if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 1 H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.



GHS05 Corrosion

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

· Additional information:

This product contains Hydrofluoric Acid (HF). HF is very toxic and corrosive. Exposures require very specific first aid treatment in order to neutralize the fluoride ion. Failure to properly treat a HF exposure can result in serious health effects up to and including death.

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
- · Hazard pictograms





GHS05

GHS06

- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labeling:

hydrofluoric acid phosphoric acid 75%

· Hazard statements

Fatal if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Toxic if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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· Precautionary statements

Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

- · Classification system:
- · NFPA ratings (scale 0 4)



Health = 4Fire = 0Reactivity = 0

· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)



3 Health = 3Fire = 0

- · Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:		
7664-39-3	hydrofluoric acid	>10-≤25%
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid 75%	>2.5-≤10%
66455-15-0	C10-12 6 Mole Linear Alcohol Ethoxylate	≤2.5%

4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Remove breathing apparatus only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

· After inhalation:

Delayed reactions up to and including fatal pulmonary edema to inhaled concentrations of HF may not be apparent for hours following initial exposure.

Use a respiration bag or breathing device.

Do not use mouth to mouth or mouth to nose resuscitation.

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

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· After skin contact:

Treat affected skin with cotton wool or cellulose. Then wash and rinse thoroughly with water and a mild cleaning agent.

Rub in Ca-gluconate solution or Ca-gluconate gel immediately.

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

· After eve contact:

Irrigate open eyelids with 500-1000cc's of a 1% calcium gluconate in saline solution.

Call a doctor immediately.

Protect unharmed eye.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Seek immediate medical attentiion with emphasis on hydrofluoric acid exposure.

A person vomiting while lying on their back should be turned onto their side.

Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.

Drink copious amounts of water and provide fresh air. Immediately call a doctor.

· Information for doctor:

· Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Latent skin burns with delayed onset (up to 8 hours) can occur at lower concentrations (below 2%) exposure to this product. Skin burns start with an itching sensation and proceed to necrosis of effected tissue.

Corrosive and extremely irritating to all tissues.

Gastric or intestinal disorders

Breathing difficulty

· Danger

Danger of hyperglycemia.

Danger of gastric perforation.

Danger of pulmonary edema.

· Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If blue colouring appears (lips, ear-lobes, finger-nails), give oxygen treatment as quickly as possible.

Later observation for pneumonia and pulmonary edema.

Medical supervision for at least 48 hours.

5 Fire-fighting measures

· Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

Limestone powder

Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.

· Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

Hydrogen fluoride (HF)

· Advice for firefighters

Product is not flammable however due to the possible evolution of toxic gases especially HF fight surrounding fires wearing full SCBA and turnout gear from the uopwind side of the fire. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors and gases from this product during fire situations.

· Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

Mouth respiratory protective device.

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(Contd. of page 3)

6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- Environmental precautions: Dilute with plenty of water.
- · Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Neutralize spills with lime or limestone powder. Ventilate effected area.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Use neutralizing agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

· Protective Action Criteria for Chemicals

Trotective Action Criteria for Chemicals	
· PAC-1:	
7664-38-2 phosphoric acid 75%	3 mg/m3
· PAC-2:	
7664-38-2 phosphoric acid 75%	30 mg/m3
· PAC-3:	
7664-38-2 phosphoric acid 75%	150 mg/m3

7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- · Precautions for safe handling

Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas.

When diluting, always stir the product into standing water, not water to product.

Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

- · Information about protection against explosions and fires: Keep respiratory protective device available.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Unsuitable material for receptacle: glass or ceramic.

Unsuitable material for receptacle: steel.

Use receptacles with fluoroplastic lining.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from metals.

Store away from foodstuffs.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

Protect from contamination.

Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Keep receptacle tightly sealed.

· Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

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8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.
- · Control parameters
- · Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit.

At this time, the remaining constituent has no known exposure limits.

7664-39-3 hydrofluoric acid

PEL Long-term value: 3 ppm

as F

REL Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m³, 3 ppm

Ceiling limit value: 5* mg/m³, 6* ppm

*15-min, as F

TLV Long-term value: 0.41 mg/m³, 0.5 ppm

Ceiling limit value: 1.64 mg/m³, 2 ppm

as F; Skin; BEI

7664-38-2 phosphoric acid 75%

PEL Long-term value: 1 mg/m³

REL Short-term value: 3 mg/m³

Long-term value: 1 mg/m³

TLV Short-term value: 3 mg/m³

Long-term value: 1 mg/m³

· Ingredients with biological limit values:

7664-39-3 hydrofluoric acid

BEI 3 mg/g creatinine

Medium: urine Time: prior to shift

Parameter: Flourides (background)

10 mg/g creatinine Medium: urine Time: end of shift

Parameter: Flourides (background)

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- · Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Breathing equipment:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use respiratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.

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Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

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Trade name: Drum Haze Remover

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

- · For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)
- · Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Plastic gloves

Butyl rubber, BR

PVA gloves

PVC gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR

· Eye protection:

Face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection:

Boots

Acid resistant protective clothing Full head, face and neck protection Apron

9 Physical and chemical properties

- · Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information
- · Appearance:

Form: Liquid
Color: Colorless
• Odor: Acrid

· Odor threshold: Not determined.

· pH-value at 20 °C (68 °F): <1

· Change in condition

Melting point/Melting range: Undetermined.

Boiling point/Boiling range: <100 °C (<212 °F)

· Flash point: Not applicable.

· Flammability (solid, gaseous): Not applicable.

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	(Contd. of page
· Ignition temperature:	
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
· Auto igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.
· Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
· Explosion limits:	
Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.
· Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F):	40 hPa (30 mm Hg)
· Density:	Not determined.
· Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapor density	Not determined.
· Evaporation rate	Not determined.
· Solubility in / Miscibility with	
Water:	Fully miscible.
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wate	e r): Not determined.
· Viscosity:	
Dynamic:	Not determined.
Kinematic:	Not determined.
· Solvent content:	
Water:	76.0 %
VOC content:	0.00 %
	0.0 g/l / 0.00 lb/gl
· Other information	No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · Chemical stability Stable
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions

Attacks materials containing glass and silicate.

Reacts with strong oxidizing agents.

Reacts with alkali (lyes).

Reacts with metals forming hydrogen.

Develops toxic gases / fumes.

Reacts with light alloys to form hydrogen.

Reacts with various metals.

- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: Strong alkalies, Strong oxidizers, Most metals, Cyanides, Sulfides, Glass and Ceramics.
- · Hazardous decomposition products:

Fluorophosgene on contact with naked flame or red hot objects.

Hydrocarbons

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Hydrogen fluoride

US

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Trade name: Drum Haze Remover

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11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:
- · Primary irritant effect:
- · on the skin: Strong caustic effect on skin and mucous membranes.
- · on the eye:

Strong caustic effect.

Strong irritant with the danger of severe eye injury.

- · Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
- · Additional toxicological information:

 $The \ product \ shows \ the \ following \ dangers \ according \ to \ internally \ approved \ calculation \ methods \ for \ preparations:$

Toxic

Corrosive

Irritant

Very toxic

Danger through skin absorption.

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.

- · Carcinogenic categories
- · IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

no ingredient above de minimis level is listed

· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

None of the ingredients is listed.

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach bodies of water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralized.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to decreased pH-values. A low pH-value harms aquatic organisms. In the dilution of the use-level the pH-value is considerably increased, so that after the use of the product the aqueous waste, emptied into drains, is only low water-dangerous.

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

US

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Trade name: Drum Haze Remover

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13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation:

Dilute concentrate with water and neutralize afterwards with suitable alkali material (sodium hydroxide solution, lime). The formed neutral salts are relatively environment-friendly.

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation:

Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They can be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning.

· Recommended cleansing agent: Water, if necessary with cleansing agents.

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· DOT, IMDG, IATA

UN2922

· UN proper shipping name

· DOT, IMDG, IATA

Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Hydrofluoric acid)

· Transport hazard class(es)

 $\cdot DOT$





· Class

6.1 Toxic substances

· Label

6.1, 8

· IMDG





· Class · Label 6.1 Toxic substances

6.1/8

 \cdot IATA





· Class · Label 6.1 Toxic substances

6.1 (8)

· Packing group

· DOT, IMDG, IATA

I

· Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant:

No

· Special precautions for user

· Poison inhalation hazard:

Possible

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	(Contd. of page		
Danger code (Kemler):	668		
EMS Number:	F- A , S - B		
Segregation groups	Acids		
Stowage Category	B		
Stowage Code	SW2 Clear of living quarters.		
Transport in bulk according to Annex	II of		
MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.		
Transport/Additional information:			
DOT			
Quantity limitations	On passenger aircraft/rail: 0.5 L		
	On cargo aircraft only: 2.5 L		
IMDG			
Limited quantities (LQ)	0		
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E5		
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 1 ml		
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 300 ml		
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 2922 CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, TOXIC, N.O.S.		
-	(HYDROFLUORIC ACID), 6.1 (8), I		

15 Regulatory information

- $\cdot \textit{Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or \textit{mixture}}$
- \cdot Sara
- · Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

7664-38-2 phosphoric acid 75%

· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

7664-38-2 phosphoric acid 75%

66455-15-0 C10-12 6 Mole Linear Alcohol Ethoxylate

7732-18-5 water, distilled, conductivity or of similar purity

7664-39-3 hydrofluoric acid

- · Proposition 65
- · Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the substances are listed

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicalsknown to cause reproductive toxicity for males.

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · Carcinogenic categories
- · EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

None of the ingredients is listed.

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Trade name: Drum Haze Remover

(Contd. of page 10)

• TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
- · Hazard pictograms





GHS05

GHS06

- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labeling:

hydrofluoric acid phosphoric acid 75%

· Hazard statements

Fatal if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Toxic if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/

shower.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- · Contact: Product Safety Department
- · Date of preparation / last revision

09/15/2017 / -

01/15/2014

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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Trade name: Drum Haze Remover

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health TLV: Threshold Limit Value PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit REL: Recommended Exposure Limit BEI: Biological Exposure Limit Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 1 Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity – Category 1

Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity – Category 1
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3
Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 (Contd. of page 11)

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